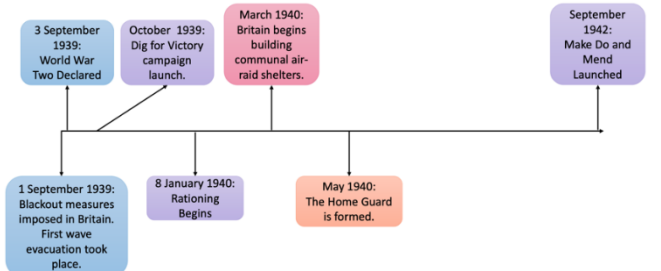




Year 6 – Autumn 1 – History – Pupil Knowledge Organiser

WHAT DO I ALREADY KNOW?		WHAT AM I LEARNING NOW?			
- A treaty is a formal agreement between groups. - Primary sources are from a specific period that helps us learn about the past. - Some significant moments in local history that we have studied include: The development of London Transport, The Great Fire of London and the Introduction of Child Labour Laws in the Victorian Era.		- Which events led to World War Two? - How did Britain prepare for war? - How did people adapt to wartime Britain? (Evacuation) - How did people adapt to wartime Britain? (Rationing) - How did people adapt to wartime Britain? (Make Do & Mend) - What was the role of women in WW2?			
KEY KNOWLEDGE: WORLD WAR TWO		KEY VOCABULARY			
 Adolf Hitler used economic and political instability to rise to power.	 In anticipation of war, Britain constructed air raid shelters, implemented blackout measures, and formed the Home Guard.	 Evacuation had immediate and lasting effects on evacuees and their families.	 "Dig for Victory" encouraged citizens to grow their own food in "victory gardens".	invasion	When one country's army enters another country to take control.
 World War Two began with Germany's invasion of Poland in 1939.	 Children were systematically evacuated to rural areas as a precautionary measure.			economic	To do with money, jobs, and resources like food and fuel.
				political	To do with how a country is run, including laws and government decisions.
				instability	When things are uncertain or not steady, like a country in trouble.
				air raid	An attack by enemy planes dropping bombs.
				blackout	Covering windows and turning off lights to stop enemy planes seeing where to bomb.
 3 September 1939: World War Two Declared 1 September 1939: Blackout measures imposed in Britain. First wave evacuation took place. October 1939: Dig for Victory campaign launch. 8 January 1940: Rationing Begins March 1940: Britain begins building communal air-raid shelters. May 1940: The Home Guard is formed. September 1942: Make Do and Mend Launched		 The government introduced rationing to ensure a fair distribution of essential items like food and clothing. People received ration books stating their allocated amounts of essential goods.	 Women's contributions were diverse and essential for supporting the war effort.	propaganda	Information used to make people believe or do something.
				munitions	Equipment used for military operations.
				military	The armed forces e.g. the army.
				intelligence	The collecting of information about other governments/militaries.